

Guidelines issued by NCPDR to Rajasthan Government on stopping migratory Child Labour Practices

- Social mobilization of *gram mitras* or village volunteers to identify working children and bring them to schools
- Issuance of enrollment certificates to children pulled out of the agricultural fields and moved into the classrooms by the secretary, primary education. This would enable the children to go back to schools in their home states
- Setting up of vibrant systems in consonance with the departments of labour, tribal welfare and social justice to provide mainstream education to all children rescued from child labour.
- Quarterly review of educational support to children living in institutions, especially those in need of care and protection. This would help ascertain status of education of all children outside the purview of the department of school education
- Link all children studying in the NCLP schools to SSA and send periodic report to the Commission
- Setting up an inter-departmental co-ordination committee that meets every month with secretaries of school education, home, social justice and an NGO representative with experience in working on child labour issues to monitor progress in eradicating child labour
- Ensure children get compensation from the employers for violating the Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986. Report periodically to the Commission the number of children rescued and repatriated to parents and home states
- Separate report on children rescued from homes (domestic workers), shops and establishments where the problem is highly visible.
- Establish contact with concerned secretaries in Bihar and Jharkhand for speedy repatriation and rehabilitation of children migrating/trafficked from Bihar to Gujarat
- Take immediate steps to separate observation home from children's home